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APPLICATION NO	FI	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/787,942	09/787,942 09/07/2001		Christoph Weder	056818-5026	9991
9629	7590	12/14/2005		EXAMINER	
2.20220122		& BOCKIUS LLP	FRIDIE JR, WILLMON		
1111 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE NW WASHINGTON, DC 20004			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
				3722	

DATE MAILED: 12/14/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	09/787,942	WEDER ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Willmon Fridie	3722					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appeared Period for Reply	ars on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence add	dress				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY I WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DAT - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, ca Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing da earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	E OF THIS COMMUNICATION a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the application to become ABANDONED	l. ely filed he mailing date of this co) (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 20 Sep	tember 2005.						
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)□ This action	ction is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex	parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	3 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims							
4) ☐ Claim(s) 18-25,29,30,32-39,43 and 72-81 is/are µ 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 18-20,22,29-39,43,72-74 and 79-81 is/ar 7) ☐ Claim(s) 21,23-25 and 75-78 is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or e	from consideration. are rejected.						
Application Papers							
 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acception acceptance accepta	awing(s) be held in abeyance. See is required if the drawing(s) is objective.	37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CF					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign pr a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents h 2. Certified copies of the priority documents h 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau (I * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	nave been received. nave been received in Application documents have been received PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No d in this National S	Stage				
·							
Attachment(s) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary (Paper No(s)/Mail Dat 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:	e	.152)				

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claim 18,19, 30, 32,80 and 81 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Weder et al. (6062).

Weder et al discloses all of the subject matter set forth in the claims and inherently discloses the method as set forth. Applicant's attention is directed to the abstract of the disclosure; column I, lines 15-30 and column 2, lines 1-4.

Claim 18,19, 30,32,80 and 81 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Weder et al. Article "Science Magazine" 1998.

Weder et al discloses all of the subject matter set forth in the claims and inherently discloses the method as set forth. Applicant's attention is directed to pages 835-837.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

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1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.

- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.

4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 19,20,22,29,30,33-39,43,72-74 and 79 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Weder et al. Article "Science Magazine" 1998 or Weder et al. ('062) In regard to claims 20-22,34-39,72 it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the claimed materials. since it has been held to be within the general skill level of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use as a matter of obvious design choice. In re Leshin, 125 USPQ 416. In regard to claims 19, 29, 33 and 43,73,74, 79 it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the claimed forms since it would only depend on the intended use of the assembly and the desired information to be displayed. Further, it has been held that when the claimed printed matter is not functionally related to the substrate it will not distinguish the invention from the prior art in terms of patentability. In re Gulack 217 USPQ 401, (CAFC Page 4 1983). The fact that the content of the printed matter placed on the substrate may render the device more convenient by providing an individual with a specific type of form does not alter the functional relationship. Mere support by the substrate for the printed matter is not the kind of functional relationship necessary for patentability.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 21,23-25 and 75-78 are allowed.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 9/20/05 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

In response to applicant's argument that neither Weder et al (*62) and Weder et al (Science) do not disclose security items or security elements and that the subject matter of all the independent claims is new. Applicant fur ther argues that there is no indication in any of the Weder et al disclosures, that a sheet polarizer according to Weder et al could be modified to a security element or to be used as a security element.. The examiner submits that a recitation of the intended use of the claimed invention must result in a structural difference between the claimed invention and the prior art in order to patentably distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art. If the prior art structure is capable of performing the intended use, then it meets the claim. Both Weder et al disclosures clearly disclose the claimed elements.

In response to applicant's arguments, the recitation of a security element has not been given patentable weight because the recitation occurs in the preamble. A preamble is generally not accorded any patentable weight where it merely recites the purpose of a process or the intended use of a structure, and where the body of the claim does not depend on the preamble for completeness but, instead, the process steps or structural limitations are able to stand alone. See *In re Hirao*, 535 F.2d 67, 190 USPQ 15 (CCPA 1976) and *Kropa v. Robie*, 187 F.2d 150, 152, 88 USPQ 478, 481 (CCPA 1951).

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Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Willmon Fridie whose telephone number is 571 272 4476. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Boyer Ashley can be reached on 571 272 4502. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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WILĹMON FRIDIE, JR. PRIMARY EXAMINER